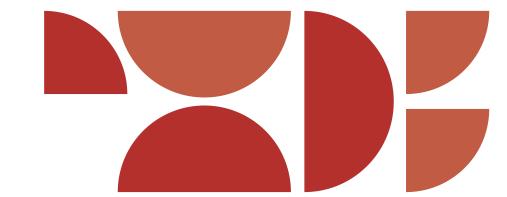


HCPCS Level II

A resourceful compliation of HCPCS codes

Supports HIPAA compliance



2025 optumcoding.com

Contents

Introduction1	
About CDT Codes 1 How to Use CDT Codes 1 Dental Code Index 1 Resequencing of CDT Codes 1 Appendix 1	
Index3	
Tabular9	
Diagnostic(D0120–D0999) 9 Clinical Oral Evaluation (D0120–D0180) 9 Pre-diagnostic Services (D0190–D0191) 9 Diagnostic Imaging (D0210–D0396) 9 Test and Laboratory Examinations (D0411–[D0606]) 11 Oral Pathology Laboratory (D0472–D0999) 11	
Preventive (D1110–D1999)13	
Dental Prophylaxis (D1110–D1120)	
Restorative (D2140–D2999)15	h
Occlusal Amalgam Restorations (including polishing) (D2140–D2161)	
Endodontics (D3110–D3999)17	
Pulp Capping (D3110–D3120) 17 Pulpotomy (D3220–D3222) 17 Endodontic Therapy on Primary Teeth (D3230–D3240) 17 Endodontic Therapy (Including Treatment Plan, Clinical Procedures and Follow-up Care (D3310–D3333) 17 Endodontic Retreatment (D3346–D3348) 17 Atexification/Recalcification (D3351–D3353) 17 Pulpal Regeneration (D3355–D3357) 17 Apicoectomy/Periradicular Services (D3410–D3503) 17	
Periodontics (D4210–D4999)19	
Surgical Services (Including Usual Postoperative Services) (D4210–[D4278])19 Non-Surgical Periodontal Service (D4322–D4381)20 Other Periodontal Services (D4910–D4999)21	
Prosthodontics, removable (D5110–D5899)22	
Complete Dentures (Including Routine Post-Delivery Care) (D5110–D5140)22 Partial Dentures (Including Routine Post-Delivery Care) (D5211–D5286)22	

Adjustments to Dentures (D5410–D5422)	
Repairs to Complete Dentures (D5511–D5520)Repairs to Partial Dentures (D5611–D5671)	
Denture Rebase Procedures (D5710–D5721)	22
Denture Reline Procedures (D5730–D5765)	22
Other Removable Prosthetic Services ([D5765]–D5899)	23
Maxillofacial Prosthetics ([D5992]–D5999)	. 24
Implant Services ([D6190]-D6199)	. 28
Pre-Surgical Services ([D6190])	
Surgical Services (D6010–[D6107])	28
Implant Supported Prosthetics (D6055–[D6123])	
Other Implant Services (D6080-D6199)Prosthodontics, fixed (D6205–D6999)	
Fixed Partial Denture Pontics (D6205–D6253)	
Fixed Partial Defiture Politics (Do203–Do233) Fixed Partial Denture Retainers-Inlays/Onlays (D6545–D6634)	
Fixed Partial Denture Retainers-Crowns (D6710–[D6793])	
Other Fixed Partial Denture Services (D6920–D6999)	
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery (D7111–D7999)	. 32
Extractions (Includes Local Anesthesia, Suturing If Needed,	
and Routine Postoperative Care) (D7111-D7251)	
Other Surgical Procedures (D7260–D7300)	
Alveoloplasty-Preparation of Ridge (D7310–D7321)	
Vestibuloplasty (D7340–D7350)Excision of Soft Tissue Lesions (D7410–[D7465])	
Excision of Intra-Osseous Lesions (D7410-[D7403])	
Excision of Bone Tissue (D7471–D7490)	
Surgical Incision (D7509–D7560)	
Treatment of Closed Fractures (D7610–D7680)	
Treatment of Open Fractures (D7710-D7780)	34
Reduction of Dislocation and Management of Other	
Temporomandibular Joint Dysfunction	_
(D7810–D7899)	
Repair of Traumatic Wounds (D7910)	.34
Complicated Suturing (Reconstruction Requiring Delicate Handling of Tissues and Wide Undermining for	
Meticulous Closure) (D7911–D7912)	34
Orthodontics (D8010–D8999)	
Limited Orthodontic Treatment (D8010–D8040)	
Comprehensive Orthodontic Treatment (D8070–D8090)	
Minor Treatment to Control Harmful Habits (D8210–D8220)	36
Other Orthodontic Services (D8660–D8999)	
Adjunctive General Services (D9110–D9999)	
Unclassified Treatment (D9110–D9130)	
Anesthesia (D9210–D9248)Professional Consultation (D9310–D9311)	.3/
Professional Visits (D9410–D9450)	
Drugs (D9610–D9630)	
Miscellaneouos Services (D9910–D9975)	37
Non-clinical Procedures ([D9961]–D9999)	
Sleep Apnea Services ([D9947–D9949], [D9953–D9957])	. 40

Appendix A — Resequenced CDT Codes41

Introduction

About CDT Codes

Dental codes (CDT codes) are developed and maintained by the American Dental Association (ADA). The CDT code was named as the HIPAA standard code set for reporting dental claims to third-party payors in August 2000. Optum does not change the code descriptions. Requests for coding modification to the CDT code set may be submitted at any time, however, the closing date for consideration in the next year's publication is November 1st. Requests received after that date will be considered in the next annual maintenance period. Information for coding modification submission to the CDT code set is available on the ADA website at https://www.ada.org/en/publications/cdt/request-to-change-to-the-code.

How to Use CDT Codes

Coders should keep in mind that the insurance companies and government do not base payment solely on what was done for the patient. They need to know why the services were performed. In addition to using the HCPCS coding system for procedures and supplies, coders must also use the ICD-10-CM coding system to denote the diagnosis. This book will not discuss ICD-10-CM codes, which can be found in a current ICD-10-CM code book for diagnosis codes. To locate a HCPCS Level II code, follow these steps:

1. Identify the services or procedures that the patient received.

Example:

Dental prophylaxis, child.

2. Look up the appropriate term in the index.

Example:

Screening

prostate specific antigen test (PSA)

Coding Tip: Coders who are unable to find the procedure or service in the index can look in the table of contents for the type of procedure or device to narrow the code choices. Also, coders should remember to check the unlisted procedure guidelines for additional choices.

3. Assign a tentative code.

Example:

Codes D1110, D1120

Coding Tip: To the right of the terminology, there may be a single code or multiple codes. Tentatively assign all codes listed.

 Locate the code or codes in the appropriate section. When multiple codes are listed in the index, be sure to read the narrative of all codes listed to find the appropriate code based on the service performed.

Example:

D1110 prophylaxis - adult

Removal of plaque, calculus and stains from the tooth structures and implants in the permanent and transitional dentition. It is intended to control local irritational factors.

D1120 prophylaxis - child

Removal of plaque, calculus and stains from the tooth structures and implants in the permanent and transitional dentition. It is intended to control local irritational factors.

- 5. Review the dental code descriptors for additional information that may clarify the intended use of the code(s).
- Review icons, symbols, and other guidelines for coverage issues that may apply.

D1120 prophylaxis - child

7. Determine whether any modifiers should be appended.

8. Assign the code.

Example:

The code assigned is D1120.

Dental Code Index

Dental codes appear in a separately maintained index enabling the coder to locate any code without looking through individual ranges of codes. Just look up the dental or surgical supply, service, or prosthetic in question to find the appropriate codes.

Resequencing of CDT Codes

The American Dental Association (ADA) employs a numbering methodology of resequencing, which is the practice of displaying codes outside of their numerical order according to the description relationship. According to the ADA, there are instances in which a new code is needed within an existing grouping of codes, but an unused code number is not available. In these situations, the ADA will resequenced the codes. In other words, it will assign a code that is not in numeric sequence with the related codes. Dental codes within the Optum's 2024 HCPCS Level II Expert DENTAL display in their resequenced order.

An example of resequencing from 2024 HCPCS Level II Expert DENTAL follows:

D2929 prefabricated porcelain/ceramic crown – primary tooth

D2928 prefabricated porcelain/ceramic crown – permanent tooth

D2930 prefabricated stainless steel crown – primary tooth

In 2024 HCPCS Level II Expert DENTAL the resequenced codes are listed twice. They appear in their resequenced position as shown above as well as in their original numeric position with a note indicating that the code is out of numerical sequenced and where it can be found. (See example below.)

D2928 Resequenced code. See code following D2929.

This differs from the ADA CDT book, which utilizes alphabetic and numeric indices to direct the coder to a page number that contains the resequenced code and description, rather than to a specific location.

Appendix

Appendix A: Resequenced Dental Codes

This appendix contains a list of dental codes that are not in numeric order in the book. ADA resequenced some of the code numbers to relocate codes in the same category but not in numeric sequence. In additional to the list of codes, this appendix provides the page number where the resequenced code may be found.

EI

Index

Abscess, incision and drainage, D7510-D7521 **Abutments**

for implants, D6051, D6056-D6057 retainers for resin bonded "Maryland bridge", D6545, D6548-D6549

Accession of brush biopsy sample, D0486 Accession of tissue, D0472-D0474 Adjunctive services, D0431, D9110-D9999

Adjustment

complete denture mandibular, D5411 maxillary, D5410 maxillofacial prosthetic, D5992 occlusal, D9951-D9952 retainer, D8681 partial denture mandibular, D5422 maxillary, D5421

Administration

home sleep apnea test, D9956

Aesthetic

temporary appliance custom removable clear plastic, D9938-D9939

Allograft

maxillofacial, D7955 soft dental tissue, D4275

Alveoloplasty

with extraction(s), D7310-D7311 without extractions, D7320-D7321

Alveolus, fracture, D7670-D7671, D7770-D7771

Amalgam, restoration, D2140-D2161 Ambulatory surgical center call, D9420

Analgesia, D9210-D9248 See also, Anesthesia

Anchorage device

temporary, D7292-D7294

Anesthesia, D9210-D9248

block

regional, D9211 trigeminal, D9212 deep or general, each 15 minutes, D9223 evaluation, deep or general, D9219

intravenous moderate sedation, each 15 minutes, D9243

local

in conjunction with surgical procedures, D9215

not in conjunction with surgical procedures, D9210

nitrous oxide inhalation, D9230

nonintravenous moderate sedation, D9248

Antibody testing, D0605 Antigen testing, D0604 Antimicrobial delivery device

crevicular tissue, D4381

Apexification, dental, D3351-D3353 Apexogenesis, D3222

Apicoectomy, dental, D3410-D3426

Appliance

distal shoe space maintainer, D1575 orthodontic fixed, D8220 removable, D8210 removal, D7997

Appliance — continued

removal, by different provider, D7997 sleep apnea, custom, D9947-D9949

Application

fluoride, D1206-D1208

hydroxyapatite regeneration medicament, per tooth, D2989

Appointment

canceled, D9987 missed, D9986

Arthrocentesis, dental, D7870

Arthroplasty, dental, D7865

Arthroscopy, D7872-D7877 biopsy, D7872

debridement, D7877 diagnostic, D7872

disc reposition, stabilization, D7874

discectomy, D7876 lavage and lysis, D7873 synovectomy, D7875

Arthrotomy, dental, D7860

Assessment

patient, D0191 saliva, D0419

Augmentation

sinus, D7951-D7952

Auricular prosthesis, D5914, D5927 Autologous blood concentrate, D7921

Band stabilization D2976

Barrier, intraorifice, D3911

Behavior management, dental care, D9942-D9946

Biologic dressing, intra-socket, D7922

Biologic materials, dental, D4265 with periradicular surgery, D3431

Biopsy

hard tissue, dental, D7285 minor salivary glands, D7284 soft tissue, dental, D7286 transepithelial brush, D7288

Bitewings, D0270-D0277

Bleaching, dental

external, home application, D9975 external, per arch, D9972 external, per tooth, D9973 internal, per tooth, D9974

Blood alucose testing, D0412

HbA1c, D0411

Bone

autogenous harvest, D7295 replacement graft, D7953 tissue excision, D7471-D7490

crowns, D6710-D6794

implant/abutment supported, D6068-D6071, D6072-D6074, D6075-D6076, D6077, D6098-D6099, D6120, D6121-D6123,

D6194, D6195 inlay/onlay, D6600-D6634

pediatric, D6985 pontics, D6205-D6253 recementation, D6930

repair, D6980

Bruxism appliance, D9942-D9946

resin bonded, D6545, D6548-D6549

C

Caries

Bridge — continued

sectioning, D9120

application of inhibiting medication, D1354, D1355 assessment, risk, D0601-D0603 est, susceptibility, D0425

Carrier

fluoride gel, D5986 medicament, periodontal, D5995-D5996 pharmaceutical periodontal, D1355, D5994 esiculobolus, D599 radiation, D5983

Case

management, D9991-D9994, D9997 special needs, D9997 presentation, D9450

diagnostic, D0470 post and core, D2952-D2953

Change in tooth structure, diagnostic, D0600

Cleaning, removable denture

full, D9932-D9933 partial, D9934-D9935

Closure

oroantral fistula, D7260 sinus perforation, D7261

Collection

autologous blood, D7921 for culture and sensitivity microorganisms, D0415 viral, D0416 genetic sample, D0422 saliva samples, D0417

Combined connective tissue and pedicle graft, dental, D4276

Complications, postoperative, D9930 Composite, resin based, D2330-D2394

Condylectomy, D7840 **Cone Beam CT capture**

See CT scan, cone beam

Connector bar

dental implant, supported, D6055 fixed partial denture, D6920

Conscious sedation, dental, D9230-D9248 Consultation

with prep of slides, D0485 slides prepared elsewhere, D0484

Coping, D2975

Core buildup, including pins, D2950 Coronavirus testing, D0604-D0606 Coronectomy, intentional, D7251 Coronoidectomy, D7991 Corticotomy, D7296-D7297

Counseling

disease prevention, D1310-D1320 immunization, D1301

Crevicular tissue

antimicrobial delivery device, D4381

EI

ΕI

EI

EI

ΕI

D0120-D0240

Tabular

Diagnostic (D0120-D0999)

Clinical Oral Evaluation (D0120-D0180)

The codes in this section recognize the cognitive skills necessary for patient evaluation. The collection and recording of some data and components of the dental examination may be delegated; however, the evaluation, which includes diagnosis and treatment planning, is the responsibility of the dentist. As with all ADA procedure codes, there is no distinction made between the evaluations provided by general practitioners and specialists. Report additional diagnostic and/or definitive procedures separately.

D0120 periodic oral evaluation—established patient

An evaluation performed on a patient of record to determine any changes in the patient's dental and medical health status since a previous comprehensive or periodic evaluation. This includes an oral cancer evaluation, periodontal screening where indicated, and may require interpretation of information acquired through additional diagnostic procedures. The findings are discussed with the patient. Report additional diagnostic procedures separately. EI

E1

S

D0140 limited oral evaluation—problem focused

An evaluation limited to a specific oral health problem or complaint. This may require interpretation of information acquired through additional diagnostic procedures. Report additional diagnostic procedures separately. Definitive procedures may be required on the same date as the evaluation.

Typically, patients receiving this type of evaluation present with a specific problem and/or dental emergencies, trauma, acute infections, etc.

D0145 oral evaluation for a patient under three years of age and counseling with primary caregiver

Diagnostic services performed for a child under the age of three, preferably within the first six months of the eruption of the first primary tooth, including recording the oral and physical health history, evaluation of caries susceptib development of an appropriate preventive oral health. regimen and communication with and counseling of the child's parent, legal guardian and/or primary caregiver.

D0150 comprehensive oral evaluation—new or established patient

Used by a general dentist and/or a specialist when evaluating a patient comprehensively. This applies to new patients; established patients who have had a significant change in health conditions or other unusual circumstances, by report, or established patients who have been absent from active treatment for three or more years. It is a thorough evaluation and recording of the extraoral and intraoral hard and soft tissues. It may require interpretation of information acquired through additional diagnostic procedures. Additional diagnostic procedures should be reported separately.

This includes an evaluation for oral cancer, the evaluation and recording of the patient's dental and medical history and a general health assessment. It may include the evaluation and recording of dental caries, missing or unerupted teeth, restorations, existing prostheses, occlusal relationships, periodontal conditions (including periodontal screening and/or charting), hard and soft tissue anomalies,

D0160 detailed and extensive oral evaluation—problem focused, by report

A detailed and extensive problem focused evaluation entails extensive diagnostic and cognitive modalities based on the findings of a comprehensive oral evaluation. Integration of more extensive diagnostic modalities to develop a treatment plan for a specific problem is required. The condition requiring this type of evaluation should be described and documented. Examples of conditions requiring this type of evaluation may include dentofacial anomalies, complicated perio-prosthetic conditions, complex temporomandibular dysfunction, facial pain of unknown origin, conditions requiring multi-disciplinary consultation, etc.

re-evaluation—limited, problem focused (established D0170 patient; not post-operative visit)

Assessing the status of a previously existing condition. For

- a traumatic injury where no treatment was rendered but patient needs follow-up monitoring
- evaluation for undiagnosed continuing pain;
 - oft tissue lesion requiring follow-up evaluation.

D0171 re-evaluation—post-operative office visit

D0180 comprehensive periodontal evaluation—new or established patient

This procedure is indicated for patients showing signs or symptoms of periodontal disease and for patients with risk factors such as smoking or diabetes. It includes evaluation of periodontal conditions, probing and charting, an evaluation for oral cancer, the evaluation and recording of the patient's dental and medical history, and general health assessment. may include the evaluation and recording of dental caries, missing or unerupted teeth, restorations, and occlusal relationships.

Pre-diagnostic Services (D0190-D0191)

D0190 screening of a patient

A screening, including state or federally mandated screenings, to determine an individual's need to be seen by a dentist for diagnosis.

D0191 assessment of a patient

A limited clinical inspection that is performed to identify possible signs of oral or systemic disease, malformation, or injury, and the potential need for referral for diagnosis and treatment.

Diagnostic Imaging (D0210–D0396)

Should be taken only for clinical reasons as determined by the patient's dentist. Should be of diagnostic quality and properly identified and dated. Is a part of the patient's clinical record and the original images should be retained by the dentist. Originals should not be used to fulfill requests made by patients or third-parties for copies of records.

D0210 intraoral—comprehensive series of radiographic images 🗉

A radiographic survey of the whole mouth intended to display the crowns and roots of all teeth, periapical areas, interproximal areas and alveolar bone including edentulous

D0220 intraoral—periapical first radiographic image

D0230 intraoral—periapical each additional radiographic image

D0240 intraoral—occlusal radiographic image EI

ΕI

S

Explanation of Restorations

Anterior

- 1-Surface Placed on one of the following five surface classifications Mesial, Distal, Incisal, Lingual, or Labial;
- · 2-Surfaces Placed, without interruption, on two of the five surface classifications - e.g., Mesial-Lingual;
- 3-Surfaces Placed, without interruption, on three of the five surface classifications - e.g., Lingual-Mesial-Labial;
- 4 or more-Surfaces Placed, without interruption, on four or more of the five surface classifications – e.g., Mesial-Incisal-Lingual-Labial.

- 1-Surface Placed on one of the following five surface classifications Mesial, Distal, Occlusal, Lingual, or Buccal;
- · 2-Surfaces Placed, without interruption, on two of the five surface classifications - e.g., Mesial-Occlusal;
- · 3-Surfaces Placed, without interruption, on three of the five surface classifications - e.g., Lingual-Occlusal-Distal;
- 4 or more-Surfaces Placed, without interruption, on four or more of the five surface classifications - e.g., Mesial-Occlusal-Lingual-Distal.

Note: Tooth surfaces are reported on the HIPAA standard electronic dental transaction and the ADA Dental Claim Form using the letters in the following

Surface	Code
Buccal	В
Distal	D
Facial (or Labial)	F
Incisal	1
Lingual	L
Mesial	M
Occlusal	0

Occlusal Amalgam Restorations (including polishing) (D2140-D2161)

Tooth preparation, all adhesives (including amalgam bonding agents), liners and bases are included as part of the restoration. If pins are used, they should be reported separately (see D2951).

D2140	amalgam—one surface, primary or permanent	EI
D2150	amalgam—two surfaces, primary or permanent	EI
D2160	amalgam—three surfaces, primary or permanent	EI
D2161	amalgam—four or more surfaces, primary or permanent	EI

Resin-Based Restorations-Direct (D2330-D2394)

Resin-based composite refers to a broad category of materials including but not limited to composites. May include bonded composite, light-cured composite, etc. Tooth preparation, acid etching, adhesives (including resin bonding agents), liners and bases and curing are included as part of the restoration. Glass ionomers, when used as restorations, should be reported with these codes. If pins are used, they should be reported separately (see D2951).

	D2330	resin-based composite—one surface, anterior	EI
	D2331	resin-based composite—two surfaces, anterior	EI
	D2332	resin-based composite—three surfaces, anterior	EI
A	D2335	resin-based composite—four or more surfaces	EI
	D2390	resin-based composite crown, anterior	EI
		Full resin-based composite coverage of tooth.	
	D2391	resin-based composite—one surface, posterior	EI
		Used to restore a carious lesion into the dentin or a deeply eroded area into the dentin. Not a preventive procedure.	
	D2392	resin-based composite—two surfaces, posterior	EI
	D2393	resin-based composite—three surfaces, posterior	EI

D2394	resin-based composite—four or more surfaces, posterior	EI
Gold Foil Re	storations (D2410–D2430)	
D2410	gold foil—one surface	EI
D2420	gold foil—two surfaces	EI
D2430	gold foil—three surfaces	EI

Inlay/Onlay Restorations (D2510-D2664)

Inlay: An intra-coronal dental restoration, made outside the oral cavity to conform to the prepared cavity, which does not restore any cusp tips.

Onlay: A dental restoration made outside the oral cavity that covers one or more cusp tips and adjoining occlusal surfaces, but not the entire external surface.

D2510	inlay—metallic—one surface	EI
D2520	inlay—metallic—two surfaces	EI
D2530	inlay—metallic—three or more surfaces	EI
D2542	onlay—metallic—two surfaces	EI
D2543	onlay—metallic—three surfaces	EI
D2544	onlay—metallic—four or more surfaces	EI
D2610	inlay—porcelain/ceramic—one surface	EI
D2620	inlay—porcelain/ceramic—two surfaces	EI
D2630	inlay—porcelain/ceramic—three or more surfaces	EI
D2642	onlay—porcelain/ceramic—two surfaces	EI
D2643	onlay—porcelain/ceramic—three surfaces	EI
D2644	onlay—porcelain/ceramic—four or more surfaces	EI
D2650	inlay—resin-based composite—one surface	EI
D2651	inlay—resin-based composite—two surfaces	EI
D2652	inlay—resin-based composite—three or more surfaces	EI
D2662	onlay—resin-based composite—two surfaces	EI
D2663	onlay—resin-based composite—three surfaces	EI
D2664	onlay—resin-based composite—four or more surfaces	EI

Crowns—Single Restoration Only (D2710–D2799)

D2710	crown—resin-based composite (indirect)	El
D2712	crown—3/4 resin-based composite (indirect)	EI
	This procedure does not include facial veneers.	
D2720	crown—resin with high noble metal	EI
D2721	crown—resin with predominantly base metal	EI
D2722	crown—resin with noble metal	EI
D2740	crown—porcelain/ceramic	EI
D2750	crown—porcelain fused to high noble metal	EI
D2751	crown—porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	EI
D2752	crown—porcelain fused to noble metal	EI
D2753	crown—porcelain fused to titanium and titanium alloys	EI
D2780	crown—3/4 cast high noble metal	EI
D2781	crown—3/4 cast predominantly base metal	EI
D2782	crown—3/4 cast noble metal	EI
D2783	crown—3/4 porcelain/ceramic	EI
	This procedure does not include facial veneers.	
D2790	crown—full cast high noble metal	EI
D2791	crown—full cast predominantly base metal	EI
D2792	crown—full cast noble metal	EI
D2794	crown—titanium and titanium alloys	EI

EI

EI

EI

EI

EI

EI

EI

EI

EI

В

EI

Adjunctive General Services (D9110-D9999)

Unclassified Treatment (D9110–D9130)

D9110 palliative treatment of dental pain—per visit

Treatment that relieves pain but is not curative; services provided do not have distinct procedure codes.

D9120 fixed partial denture sectioning

Separation of one or more connections between abutments and/or pontics when some portion of a fixed prosthesis is to remain intact and serviceable following sectioning and extraction or other treatment. Includes all recontouring and polishing of retained portions.

D9130 temporomandibular joint dysfunction—non-invasive physical therapies

Therapy including but not limited to massage, diathermy, ultrasound, or cold application to provide relief from muscle spasms, inflammation or pain, intending to improve freedom of motion and joint function. This should be reported on a per session basis.

Anesthesia (D9210-D9248)

D9210 local anesthesia not in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures

D9211 regional block anesthesia

D9212 trigeminal division block anesthesia

D9215 local anesthesia in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures

D9219 evaluation for moderate sedation, deep sedation or general anesthesia

D9222 deep sedation/general anesthesia—first 15 minutes

Anesthesia time begins when the doctor administering the anesthetic agent initiates the appropriate anesthesia and non-invasive monitoring protocol and remains in continuous attendance of the patient. Anesthesia services are considered completed when the patient may be safely left under the observation of trained personnel and the doctor may safely leave the room to attend to other patients or duties.

D9223 deep sedation/general anesthesia—each subsequent 15 minute increment

D9230 inhalation of nitrous oxide/analgesia, anxiolysis

D9239 intravenous moderate (conscious) sedation/ analgesia—first 15 minutes

Anesthesia time begins when the doctor administering the anesthetic agent initiates the appropriate anesthesia and non-invasive monitoring protocol and remains in continuous attendance of the patient. Anesthesia services are considered completed when the patient may be safely left under the observation of trained personnel and the doctor may safely leave the room to attend to other patients or duties.

D9243 intravenous moderate (conscious) sedation/ analgesia— each subsequent 15 minute increment

D9248 non-intravenous conscious sedation

This includes non-IV minimal and moderate sedation.

A medically controlled state of depressed consciousness while maintaining the patient's airway, protective reflexes and the ability to respond to stimulation or verbal commands. It includes non-intravenous administration of sedative and/or analgesic agent(s) and appropriate monitoring.

The level of anesthesia is determined by the anesthesia provider's documentation of the anesthetic's effects upon the central nervous system and not dependent upon the route of administration.

Professional Consultation (D9310-D9311)

D9310 consultation—diagnostic service provided by dentist or physician other than requesting dentist or physician

A patient encounter with a practitioner whose opinion or advice regarding evaluation and/or management of a specific problem; may be requested by another practitioner or appropriate source. The consultation includes an oral evaluation. The consulted practitioner may initiate diagnostic and/or therapeutic services.

D9311 consultation with a medical health care professional

Treating dentist consults with a medical health care professional concerning medical issues that may affect patient's planned dental treatment.

Professional Visits (D9410-D9450)

N

EI

E1

E1

E1

Εij

E1

EII

N

E1

E1

N

D9410 house/extended care facility call

Includes visits to pursing homes, long-term care facilities, hospice sites, institutions, etc. Report in addition to reporting appropriate code numbers for actual services performed.

D9420 hospital or ambulatory surgical center call

Care provided outside the dentist's office to a patient who is in a hospital or ambulatory surgical center. Services delivered to the patient on the date of service are documented separately using the applicable procedure codes.

office visit for observation (during regularly scheduled hours)—no other services performed

D9440 office visit—after regularly scheduled hours

D9450 case presentation, subsequent to detailed and extensive treatment planning

Drugs (D9610-D9630)

D9610 therapeutic parenteral drug, single administration

Includes single administration of antibiotics, steroids, anti-inflammatory drugs, or other therapeutic medications. This code should not be used to report administration of sedative, anesthetic or reversal agents.

D9612 therapeutic parenteral drugs, two or more administrations, different medications

Includes multiple administrations of antibiotics, steroids, anti-inflammatory drugs or other therapeutic medications. This code should not be used to report administration of sedatives, anesthetic or reversal agents. This code should be reported when two or more different medications are necessary and should not be reported in addition to code D9610 on the same date.

D9613 infiltration of sustained release therapeutic drug, per quadrant

Infiltration of a sustained release pharmacologic agent for long acting surgical site pain control. Not for local anesthesia purposes.

D9630 drugs or medicaments dispensed in the office for home use

Includes, but is not limited to oral antibiotics, oral analgesics, and topical fluoride; does not include writing prescriptions.

Miscellaneouos Services (D9910–D9975)

D9910 application of desensitizing medicament

Includes in-office treatment for root sensitivity. Typically reported on a "per visit" basis for application of topical fluoride. This code is not to be used for bases, liners or adhesives used under restorations.

New Code